DOCUMENT RESUME

ED 460 781 PS 030 073

TITLE	Rhode Island KIDS COUNT: 2000 U.S. Census Brief, Numbers 1-4.
INSTITUTION	Rhode Island KIDS COUNT, Providence.
PUB DATE	2001-00-00
NOTE	10p.
AVAILABLE FROM	Rhode Island KIDS COUNT, One Union Station, Providence, RI 02903. Tel: 401-351-9400; Fax: 401-351-1758; e-mail: rikids@rikidscount.org. For full text: http://www.rikidscount.org.
PUB TYPE	Numerical/Quantitative Data (110) -- Reports - Descriptive (141)
EDRS PRICE	MF01/PC01 Plus Postage.
DESCRIPTORS	Adolescents; Children; *Demography; Family Environment; Family (Sociological Unit); *One Parent Family; Population Distribution; Race; *Racial Composition; Racial Distribution; *Social Indicators; State Surveys; Statistical Surveys; Tables (Data); *Trend Analysis
IDENTIFIERS	*Indicators; *Rhode Island

ABSTRACT

These four Census Briefs highlight the information from the 2000 U.S. Census most relevant for community leaders, policy makers, advocates, and others concerned with the status of children and families in Rhode Island. The first brief graphs the large increase in the number of Rhode Island children. Two tables show child population in core cities (1990 and 2000) and child population by city and towns (1990 and 2000), and one figure shows state child populations (1980-2000). The second brief delineates the population of children in Rhode Island by age category, finding that there are more early adolescents and fewer young children. Two tables show children by age category (1990 and 2000) and child population by age group (2000), and one figure shows children by age category (1990 and 2000). The third brief delineates the state's growing diversity led by an increase in Hispanic children. Two tables show children under age 18 by race and ethnicity, and children under age 18 by race and ethnicity and city or town. The fourth brief charts the rise in the number of children living in single-parent families. One figure shows children's living arrangements (1970-2000), and one table shows children under age 18 living in family households (census 2000). (SD)

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Rhode Island KIDS COUNT 2000

U.S. Census Brief, Numbers 1-4

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Rhode Island kids count

2000 U.S. CENSUS BRIEF

Rhode Island KIDS COUNT ◆ One Union Station ◆ Providence, RI 02903 August 2001, Number 1

LARGE INCREASE IN THE NUMBER OF RHODE ISLAND CHILDREN

A major finding of Census 2000 is the overall increase in the number of children under age 18 in Rhode Island and nationally. The increase in children nationally, measured in both number and percentage, is one of the largest in history, second only to the baby boom decade. This significant increase puts greater demand on all agencies that deal with children, from school systems to child protective services. Information on the changes in child population is essential to policymakers and service providers as they plan new ways to meet the needs of children, families, and communities effectively.

Overall, Rhode Island is younger now than it was in 1990. Led by a major increase in the state's Latino children, Rhode Island's child population increased 10% during the last decade. As of April 2000, there were 247,822 children under the age of 18 in Rhode Island, up from 225,690 in 1990. The increase of 22,132 children is one of the largest in Rhode Island's history.

Table 1: Child Population, Core Cities and Rhode Island, 1990 and 2000

	1990		2000		1990 - 2000
	NUMBER	PERCENT	NUMBER	PERCENT	PERCENT CHANGE
Central Falls	4,810	27%	5,531	29%	15%
Newport	5,756	20%	5,199	20%	-10%
Pawtucket	16,719	23%	18,151	25%	9%
Providence	37,972	24%	45,277	26%	19%
Woonsocket	10,617	24%	11,155	26%	5%
Remainder of State	149,816	22%	162,509	23%	9%
Rhode Island	***225,690***	***23%***	***247,822***	***24%***	***10%***

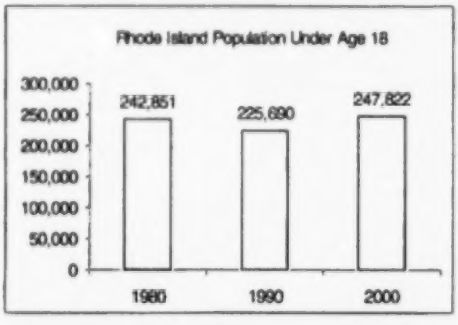
Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Census 2000 Redistricting Data, and 1990 Census.

The change in the population under 18 varied widely among towns in Rhode Island. Some towns had significant increases in the percent of their population under 18. The largest increase was in West Greenwich where the child population increased by 58% to 1,444. Lincoln and South Kingstown also had significant increases of 33% and 32% respectively.

Although the child population increased in most Rhode Island towns, some locations had decreases. Both Burrillville and Newport had reductions of 10% in the number of residents under 18. Middletown had a decrease as well, with a decline of 7%.

The population tends to be younger in the core cities than in the rest of the state. In the core cities, 26% of the population is under 18. In comparison, 23% of the population is under 18 in the rest of the state. The increase in the percentage of the population under 18 between 1990 and 2000 was also greater in the core cities (12%) than the rest of the state (9%).

Figure 1: Rhode Island Child Population, 1980-2000



Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Census 2000 Redistricting Data, and RI Statewide Planning.

The U.S. Census Bureau conducts a census of the population every ten years. The most recent was completed in April 2000. This series of reports highlights information most relevant for community leaders, policy makers, advocates, and others concerned with the status of children and families in Rhode Island. Additional information on child well-being and Census 2000 can be found on the Rhode Island KIDS COUNT Web site at www.rikidscount.org.

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RHODE ISLAND CHILD POPULATION BY CITY/TOWN: 1990 AND 2000

CITY/TOWN	1990 TOTAL POPULATION UNDER AGE 18	2000 TOTAL POPULATION UNDER AGE 18	CHANGE IN POPULATION UNDER AGE 18	% CHANGE IN POPULATION UNDER AGE 18 (1990 - 2000)
Barrington	3,912	4,745	833	21.3%
Bristol	4,380	4,399	19	0.4%
Burrillville	4,479	4,043	-436	-9.7%
Central Falls	4,810	5,531	721	15.0%
Charlestown	1,575	1,712	137	8.7%
Coventry	7,626	8,389	763	10.0%
Cranston	14,673	17,098	2,425	16.5%
Cumberland	6,427	7,690	1,263	19.7%
East Greenwich	2,913	3,564	651	22.3%
East Providence	10,657	10,546	-111	-1.0%
Exeter	1,521	1,589	68	4.5%
Foster	1,185	1,105	-80	-6.8%
Glocester	2,526	2,664	138	5.5%
Hopkinton	1,839	2,011	172	9.4%
Jamestown	1,123	1,238	115	10.2%
Johnston	5,332	5,906	574	10.8%
Lincoln	3,890	5,157	1,267	32.6%
Little Compton	750	780	30	4.0%
Middletown	4,676	4,328	-348	-7.4%
Narragansett	2,869	2,833	-36	-1.3%
New Shoreham	163	185	22	13.5%
Newport	5,756	5,199	-557	-9.7%
North Kingstown	6,076	6,848	772	12.7%
North Providence	5,655	5,936	281	5.0%
North Smithfield	2,332	2,379	47	2.0%
Pawtucket	16,719	18,151	1,432	8.6%
Portsmouth	4,175	4,329	154	3.7%
Providence	37,972	45,277	7,305	19.2%
Richmond	1,565	2,014	449	28.7%
Scituate	2,426	2,635	209	8.6%
Smithfield	3,898	4,019	121	3.1%
South Kingstown	4,770	6,284	1,514	31.7%
Tiverton	3,166	3,367	201	6.3%
Warren	2,452	2,454	2	—
Warwick	18,322	18,780	458	2.5%
West Greenwich	915	1,444	529	57.8%
West Warwick	6,560	6,632	72	1.1%
Westerly	4,988	5,406	418	8.4%
Woonsocket	10,617	11,155	538	5.1%
Core Cities*	75,874	85,313	9,439	12.4%
Remainder of State	149,816	162,509	12,693	8.5%
Rhode Island	***225,690***	***247,822***	***22,132***	***9.8%***

**Providence, Pawtucket, Woonsocket, Newport, and Central Falls*

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Census 2000 Redistricting Data, and 1990 Census.

Rhode Island KIDS COUNT

2000 U.S. CENSUS BRIEF

Rhode Island KIDS COUNT ◆ One Union Station ◆ Providence, RI 02903 August 2001, Number 2

MORE EARLY ADOLESCENTS AND FEWER YOUNG CHILDREN IN RHODE ISLAND

In Rhode Island, and the nation as a whole, the overall population under age 18 increased in the last decade. Although the total number of children and youth increased, the rate of increase varied significantly across lines of race, ethnicity, residency and age. Information on the numbers of children in each age group is an important tool for policy makers, community leaders, and service providers when making decisions on where specific programs should be located and to whom they should be targeted.

In general, children in Rhode Island at the start of the 21st century are older and more ethnically diverse than those children living in the state in the previous decade.

The largest increase in any age category was in the number of children in early adolescence (ages 10 to 14). The number of Rhode Island children between the ages of 10 and 14 increased by 20% in the decade, increasing from 59,406 to 71,370. In contrast, the number of children under age 5 living in Rhode Island dropped nearly 5%, decreasing from 66,969 in 1990 to 63,896 in 2000.

Although most of Rhode Island's cities and towns have similar age patterns for children as the state as a whole, there are a few that differ significantly in the make up of their child population. The percentage of children under age 5 varies from slightly under 18% of all children in Jamestown to a high of 34% in New Shoreham and approximately 30% in Central Falls.

Jamestown has the highest percentage of children in the 10 to 14 years age bracket with 35% of all children under 18 in this category. This compares to New Shoreham with only 22% of its children in the 10 to 14 years age group.

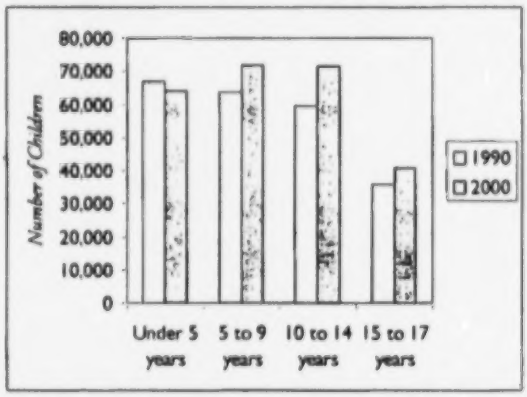
Children tend to be slightly younger in the core cities than in the rest of the state. Fifty-eight percent (58%) of the children living in the core cities are under age 10. This compares to 53% of the children in the remainder of the state under age 10.

Table 1: Children in Rhode Island by Age Category, 1990 and 2000

Age	1990 Number	1990 Percent	2000 Number	2000 Percent	Change 1990 - 2000 Number	Change 1990 - 2000 Percent
Under 5 years	66,969	30%	63,896	26%	-3,073	-5%
5 to 9 years	63,731	28%	71,905	29%	8,174	13%
10 to 14 years	59,406	26%	71,370	29%	11,964	20%
15 to 17 years	35,584	16%	40,651	16%	5,067	14%
Total under age 18	225,690	100%	247,822	100%	22,132	10%

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Census 2000, and RI Statewide Planning.

Figure 1: Children in Rhode Island by Age Category, 1990 and 2000



Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Census 2000, and RI Statewide Planning.

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RHODE ISLAND CHILD POPULATION BY AGE GROUP: CENSUS 2000

CITY/TOWN	UNDER AGE 5	AGES 5 TO 9	AGES 10 TO 14	AGES 15 TO 17	TOTAL POPULATION UNDER AGE 18
Barrington	996	1,414	1,498	837	4,745
Bristol	1,166	1,233	1,258	742	4,399
Burrillville	886	1,106	1,271	780	4,043
Central Falls	1,644	1,613	1,439	835	5,531
Charlestown	447	487	498	280	1,712
Coventry	2,142	2,436	2,483	1,328	8,389
Cranston	4,180	4,965	4,984	2,969	17,098
Cumberland	1,971	2,207	2,257	1,255	7,690
East Greenwich	755	1,109	1,098	602	3,564
East Providence	2,625	3,004	3,061	1,856	10,546
Exeter	345	475	484	285	1,589
Foster	212	338	367	188	1,105
Glocester	586	750	841	487	2,664
Hopkinton	487	579	593	352	2,011
Jamestown	222	366	433	217	1,238
Johnston	1,534	1,773	1,701	898	5,906
Lincoln	1,151	1,496	1,630	880	5,157
Little Compton	176	219	250	135	780
Middletown	1,210	1,344	1,163	611	4,328
Narragansett	670	811	821	531	2,833
New Shoreham	63	53	41	28	185
Newport	1,526	1,465	1,412	796	5,199
North Kingstown	1,804	1,994	1,917	1,133	6,848
North Providence	1,453	1,649	1,828	1,006	5,936
North Smithfield	565	687	702	425	2,379
Pawtucket	4,918	5,376	5,060	2,797	18,151
Portsmouth	1,042	1,296	1,268	723	4,329
Providence	12,607	13,463	12,290	6,917	45,277
Richmond	553	552	594	315	2,014
Scituate	621	750	781	483	2,635
Smithfield	880	1,125	1,282	732	4,019
South Kingstown	1,473	1,772	1,942	1,097	6,284
Tiverton	782	967	1,042	576	3,367
Warren	567	715	747	425	2,454
Warwick	4,640	5,222	5,670	3,248	18,780
West Greenwich	356	399	443	246	1,444
West Warwick	1,936	1,865	1,809	1,022	6,632
Westerly	1,418	1,564	1,511	913	5,406
Woonsocket	3,287	3,266	2,901	1,701	11,155
Core Cities*	23,982	25,183	23,102	13,046	85,313
Remainder of State	39,914	46,722	48,268	27,605	162,509
Rhode Island	***63,896***	***71,905***	***71,370***	***40,651***	***247,822***

**Providence, Pawtucket, Woonsocket, Newport, and Central Falls*

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Census 2000, Rhode Island Demographic Profile.

Rhode Island kids count

2000 U.S. CENSUS BRIEF

Rhode Island KIDS COUNT ◆ One Union Station ◆ Providence, RI 02903 August 2001, Number 3

LED BY AN INCREASE IN HISPANIC CHILDREN, RHODE ISLAND GROWS MORE DIVERSE

The children counted in the 2000 census were significantly more diverse than those children in the state in 1990. In 1990, of the 225,690 Rhode Island children under age 18, 16% were children of color (defined as all racial and ethnic groups except White, non-Hispanic). In the 2000 census, this number increased to 27% of the children in the state.

Nationally, children of color accounted for 98% of the growth in the child population during the 1990s. In Rhode Island, the number of children of color nearly doubled from about 37,000 in 1990 to nearly 68,000 in 2000 while the number of White children dropped by nearly 9,000. Sixty-one percent of the 85,313 children living in the core cities are children of color.

For the first time, the 2000 census gave individuals the option of selecting more that one racial category. Three percent (3%) of the non-Hispanic children in Rhode Island fall in two or more racial categories. Changing the way we collect data on race in the census is not new. Almost every census for the past 200 years has collected racial data differently than the one before it. Because of these changes, there is no way to make the racial categories exactly comparable to those used in 1990. In addition, the way the census measures Hispanic origin has changed over time. Therefore, interpreting racial and ethnic trends should be done cautiously. Although the addition of the "two or more races" category makes comparison difficult, we can analyze changes in the racial and ethnic makeup of Rhode Island's child population if we keep in mind that biracial children who would have had to choose only one racial category in 1990 are included in the "two or more races" category in 2000. This type of analysis will likely underestimate small populations where children are most likely to be biracial.

Table 1. Rhode Island Children under Age 18 by Race and Ethnicity*

RACE OR ETHNICITY	1990 CHILD POPULATION	PERCENT OF TOTAL	2000 CHILD POPULATION	PERCENT OF TOTAL
Hispanic or Latino	16,107	7%	35,002	14%
Not Hispanic or Latino				
White	188,823	84%	180,075	73%
Black or African American	11,387	5%	13,585	5%
American Indian and Alaska Native	1,169	<1%	1,458	1%
Asian	6,031	3%	6,609	3%
Native Hawaiian Other Pacific Islander	na	na	70	<1%
Some other race	2,173	1%	2,874	1%
Two or more races	na	na	8,149	3%
Total	**225,690**	**100%**	**247,822**	**100%**

* Please see note at bottom of table on page 2.

Note: Native Hawaiian Other Pacific Islander included in Asian category in 1990.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Census 2000, and Annie E. Casey Foundation KIDS COUNT Census Data Online.

Surpassing census projections, the largest demographic increase since 1990 in the state's child population was in the number of Hispanic or Latino children. In 1990, 7% (16,107) children were of Hispanic or Latino origin. The 2000 census reported that 14% (35,002) of Rhode Island's children are in this ethnic category.

The largest demographic increase since 1990 in the non-Hispanic population was in number of children classified under "some other race," increasing 32% from 2,173 to 2,874. Holding at 5% of the overall child population, non-Hispanic, Black or African American children increased 19%, from 11,387 to 13,585. American Indian and Alaska Native, non-Hispanic children increased 25%, from 1,169 in 1990 to 1,458 in 2000. Asian children went from 6,031 to 6,609, increasing by 10%. This is likely to slightly underestimate the increase in the Asian child population as the 1990 figure included Native Hawaiian and Pacific Islander children. Conversely, the only racial or ethnic category to see a decline was the White, non-Hispanic population, decreasing 5% from 188,823 (84% of the total child population) in 1990 to 180,075 (73% of the total child population) in 2000.

The U.S. Census Bureau conducts a census of the population every ten years. The most recent was completed in April 2000. This series of reports highlights information most relevant for community leaders, policy makers, advocates, and others concerned with the status of children and families in Rhode Island. Additional information on child well-being and Census 2000 can be found on the Rhode Island KIDS COUNT Web site at www.rikidscount.org.

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RHODE ISLAND POPULATION UNDER AGE 18 BY RACE AND ETHNICITY: CENSUS 2000

CITY/TOWN	HISPANIC OR LATINO	WHITE	BLACK OR AFRICAN AMERICAN	AMERICAN INDIAN & ALASKA NATIVE	ASIAN	NATIVE HAWAIIAN OTHER PACIFIC ISLANDER	SOME OTHER RACE	TWO OR MORE RACES	TOTAL POPULATION UNDER AGE 18
Barrington	59	4,479	29	8	106	0	4	60	4,745
Bristol	88	4,183	30	3	21	4	3	67	4,399
Burrillville	59	3,915	11	8	6	0	11	33	4,043
Central Falls	3,122	1,574	292	29	22	0	225	267	5,531
Charlestown	38	1,597	7	26	12	0	1	31	1,712
Coventry	151	7,975	47	8	46	2	10	150	8,389
Cranston	1,213	14,041	513	59	796	5	71	400	17,098
Cumberland	231	7,185	65	5	70	3	38	93	7,690
East Greenwich	59	3,308	30	1	106	0	11	49	3,564
East Providence	360	8,366	681	48	114	4	323	650	10,546
Exeter	36	1,484	9	9	8	0	0	43	1,589
Foster	17	1,054	2	1	11	2	3	15	1,105
Glocester	31	2,573	15	2	10	0	1	32	2,664
Hopkinton	35	1,889	11	27	10	0	3	36	2,011
Jamestown	19	1,183	14	4	4	0	0	14	1,238
Johnston	203	5,425	63	9	93	1	21	91	5,906
Lincoln	151	4,694	73	2	116	1	21	99	5,157
Little Compton	12	756	1	0	2	0	0	9	780
Middletown	201	3,549	246	23	104	1	15	189	4,328
Narragansett	69	2,566	27	52	25	0	5	89	2,833
New Shoreham	3	175	3	0	3	0	0	1	185
Newport	602	3,485	555	86	55	7	51	358	5,199
North Kingstown	210	6,286	70	37	76	0	11	158	6,848
North Providence	377	5,033	208	12	122	3	48	133	5,936
North Smithfield	17	2,305	13	8	15	0	1	20	2,379
Pawtucket	3,820	10,090	1,776	53	131	7	1,251	1,023	18,151
Portsmouth	114	4,016	55	5	58	0	8	73	4,329
Providence	20,350	10,858	7,606	621	3,043	19	575	2,205	45,277
Richmond	32	1,916	7	19	8	0	0	32	2,014
Scituate	30	2,535	10	1	24	1	5	29	2,635
Smithfield	50	3,880	18	2	29	0	2	38	4,019
South Kingstown	128	5,561	87	126	169	0	19	194	6,284
Tiverton	46	3,234	15	4	18	0	8	42	3,367
Warren	36	2,294	38	4	11	1	6	64	2,454
Warwick	516	17,220	217	50	322	1	35	419	18,780
West Greenwich	13	1,396	4	3	7	0	5	16	1,444
West Warwick	384	5,792	86	29	102	3	26	210	6,632
Westerly	96	4,931	45	45	143	0	11	135	5,406
Woonsocket	2,024	7,272	606	29	591	5	46	582	11,155
Core Cities	29,918	33,279	10,835	818	3,842	38	2,148	4,435	85,313
Remainder of State	5,084	146,796	2,750	640	2,767	32	726	3,714	162,509
Rhode Island	***35,002***	***180,075***	***13,585***	***1,458***	***6,609***	***70***	***2,874***	***8,149***	***247,822***

**Providence, Pawtucket, Woonsocket, Newport, and Central Falls*

Note: All categories are mutually exclusive. If Hispanic was selected as ethnicity, individuals are not included in other racial categories. Likewise, if more than one race was selected, individuals are included in two or more races and not in their individual race categories.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Census 2000.

Rhode Island kids count

2000 U.S. CENSUS BRIEF

Rhode Island KIDS COUNT ◆ One Union Station ◆ Providence, RI 02903 October 2001, Number 4

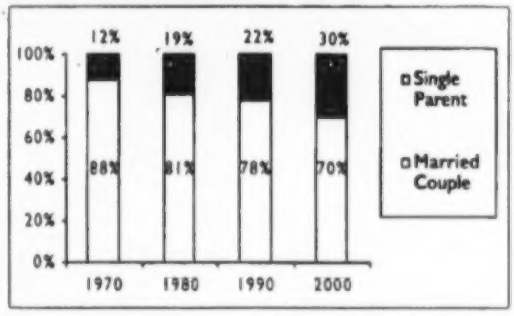
NUMBER OF CHILDREN LIVING IN SINGLE-PARENT FAMILIES CONTINUES TO RISE

According to household demographic information from Census 2000, more Rhode Island children live in single-parent families and fewer in married-couple households than ever before. Following the national trend, more Rhode Island children are growing up in single-parent households than at any time since the census began collecting information on household living arrangements.

As of April 1, 2000, there were 408,424 households in the state. 124,867 (30.6%) of these households were family households with children under age eighteen. Most of the 247,822 children in Rhode Island live in family households (92.2%). The remainder of the state's children live with other relatives (5.9%), with other unrelated individuals (1.5%), or in group quarters including juvenile detention facilities, hospitals and group homes (less than 1%).

Of all Rhode Island children living with at least one biological or adoptive parent, 70% lived in married-couple families in 2000, down from 88% in 1970. Of the 67,978 children who lived in single-parent families in 2000, 83% lived in a household headed by a single mother, and 17% lived in a household headed by a single father.

Figure 1: Children's Living Arrangements, Rhode Island, 1970 - 2000



Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 1970, 1980, 1990, and 2000 Census

Rhode Island has one of the highest rates of single-parent families in the country and the highest rate among New England states. Children living in single-parent families are at increased risk of living in poverty compared to children living in two-parent families. In 1998, 44% of Rhode Island's single-parent families with children were living below the poverty level, as compared to 3% of two-parent families with children.

White children and Asian children are far more likely to live in married-couple families than are Black, Hispanic, and Native American children. Nearly one in four White children (23.6%) and Asian children (25.6%) in Rhode Island live in single-parent families compared to 60.6% of Black children, 61.9% of American Indian children, and 52.9% of Hispanic children.

The percentage of children living in single-parent families went up in nearly every community in the state between 1990 and 2000. Only Jamestown and West Greenwich had slight declines in the rate of children living in single-parent families. There were large increases in the number of children living in single-parent families in many suburban communities – Barrington, Cumberland and Richmond more than doubled the number of children living in such households.

The five core cities, those with child poverty rates higher than 15%, continue to have the highest rates of children living in single-parent families. Providence has the highest of these rates at 51.0% of all children living in single-parent families, followed by Central Falls (47.6%) and Newport (43.7%). Overall, 47.8% of all children living in the core cities live in single-parent families compared to 20.6% of children in the remainder of the state.

According to the U.S. Census Bureau definition, a "family household" consists of a householder and one or more people living together in the same household who are related to the householder by birth, marriage or adoption – it may also include others not related to the householder.

The U.S. Census Bureau conducts a census of the population every ten years. The most recent was completed in April 2000. This series of reports highlights information most relevant for community leaders, policy makers, advocates, and others concerned with the status of children and families in Rhode Island. Additional information on child well-being and Census 2000 can be found on the Rhode Island KIDS COUNT Web site at www.rikidscount.org and the Annie E. Casey Foundation KIDS COUNT Census Data Online Web site at www.aecf.org/kidscount/census.

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RI Children Under Age 18 Living in Family Households: Census 2000

	Own children in married-couple families			Own children in single-parent families			All children living in family households
City/Town	1990 %	2000 %	2000 #	1990 %	2000 %	2000 #	2000 total
Barrington	94%	89%	4,091	6%	11%	501	4,592
Bristol	89%	79%	3,222	11%	21%	870	4,092
Burrillville	87%	82%	3,077	13%	18%	660	3,737
Central Falls	62%	52%	2,607	38%	48%	2,370	4,977
Charlestown	83%	82%	1,305	17%	18%	281	1,586
Coventry	87%	81%	6,287	13%	20%	1,520	7,807
Cranston	81%	76%	11,817	19%	24%	3,809	15,626
Cumberland	90%	83%	6,049	10%	17%	1,224	7,273
East Greenwich	88%	88%	3,042	12%	13%	434	3,476
East Providence	82%	72%	6,919	18%	29%	2,763	9,682
Exeter	91%	85%	1,248	9%	15%	213	1,461
Foster	88%	88%	914	12%	12%	123	1,037
Glocester	89%	85%	2,082	11%	15%	371	2,453
Hopkinton	90%	83%	1,576	10%	17%	317	1,893
Jamestown	83%	85%	1,018	17%	15%	176	1,194
Johnston	82%	79%	4,303	18%	21%	1,137	5,440
Lincoln	86%	80%	3,930	14%	20%	965	4,895
Little Compton	90%	85%	627	10%	15%	113	740
Middletown	85%	81%	3,363	15%	19%	787	4,150
Narragansett	85%	76%	2,002	15%	24%	639	2,641
New Shoreham	89%	81%	139	11%	19%	32	171
Newport	65%	56%	2,723	35%	44%	2,112	4,835
North Kingstown	85%	80%	5,255	15%	20%	1,291	6,546
North Providence	87%	73%	3,973	13%	27%	1,438	5,411
North Smithfield	91%	87%	1,922	9%	14%	299	2,221
Pawtucket	74%	58%	9,537	26%	42%	6,988	16,525
Portsmouth	92%	84%	3,476	8%	16%	660	4,136
Providence	56%	49%	19,721	44%	51%	20,546	40,267
Richmond	95%	85%	1,590	5%	15%	277	1,867
Scituate	90%	88%	2,179	10%	13%	311	2,490
Smithfield	91%	84%	3,184	9%	16%	616	3,800
South Kingstown	82%	81%	4,789	18%	19%	1,098	5,887
Tiverton	84%	83%	2,598	16%	17%	523	3,121
Warren	84%	72%	1,657	16%	28%	631	2,288
Warwick	84%	79%	13,571	16%	21%	3,705	17,276
West Greenwich	86%	88%	1,198	14%	12%	170	1,368
West Warwick	77%	67%	4,101	23%	33%	1,983	6,084
Westerly	86%	74%	3,759	14%	26%	1,318	5,077
Woonsocket	69%	54%	5,562	31%	46%	4,707	10,269
Core Cities*	63%	52%	40,150	37%	48%	36,723	76,873
Remainder of State	85%	79%	120,263	15%	21%	31,255	151,518
Rhode Island	***78%***	***70%***	***160,413***	***22%***	***30%***	***67,978***	***228,391***

**Providence, Pawtucket, Woonsocket, Newport, and Central Falls*

Note: A family household is defined by the U.S. Census Bureau as consisting of a householder and one or more people living together in the same household who are related to the householder by birth, marriage or adoption – it may also include others not related to the householder. Percentages may not add up to 100% due to rounding.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Census 2000 Summary File 1, Annie E. Casey Foundation KIDS COUNT Census Data Online, and 1990 Census.